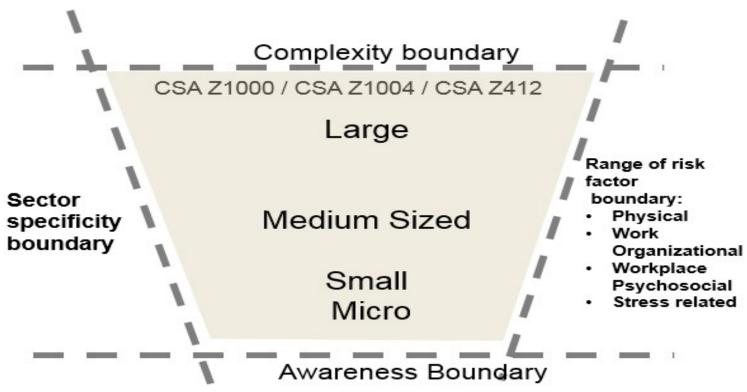
Development and Evaluation of Quick Start Guideline for MICRO & Small Business



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Prospect



Awareness of MSD as a workplace hazard that needs consideration

Challenges for Prevention

- **Higher exposure** to occupational hazards in comparison to larger corporations (Hermawati, et al., 2014; Mendeloff, 2006; Harncharoen et al., 2016; Hasle & Limborg, 2006).
- **Higher rates** of fatal/serious injuries and the highest rate of fatalities across all industry sectors (Mendeloff, 2006).
- They have more difficulties controlling exposure to hazards at their workplaces (Hasle & Limborg, 2006)

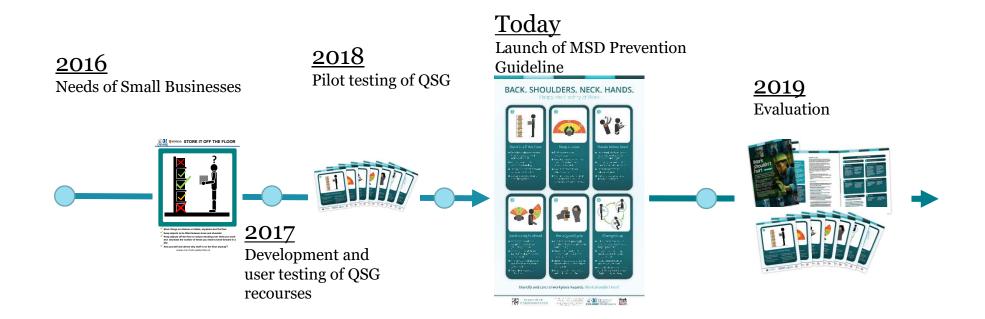
Characteristics of and the unique situation of small businesses result in a **lesser ability** to address OHS hazards.

Why Small Businesses?

Approximately 403,236 Small Businesses in Ontario employ thirty three percent of Ontario's workforce.

- The large size of this market combined with industry sector differences, variety of business models, and cultural diversity, makes reducing risk and eliminating hazards in small business a unique undertaking.
- Studies have made it clear that exposure to workplace hazards combined with the lack of resources to mitigate those risks leaves workers who are employed by small business in a more vulnerable position than their counterparts in larger businesses.
- 29% of all lost time injuries accepted by the WSIB in Ontario are attributed to small business workers.
- Studies have made it clear that exposure to workplace hazards combined with the lack of resources to mitigate those risks leaves workers who
- are employed by small business in a more vulnerable position than their counterparts in larger businesses.

Quick Start Guideline



Overall Objective

Old MSD Guideline:

□ Gaps for small business

Overall Objective:

- ☐ To evaluate the needs of micro, and small businesses.
- ☐ To develop MSD prevention resources that fulfil the needs of micro and small businesses.

2016

Small Businesses Needs Assessment

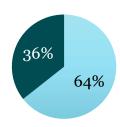
Methodology

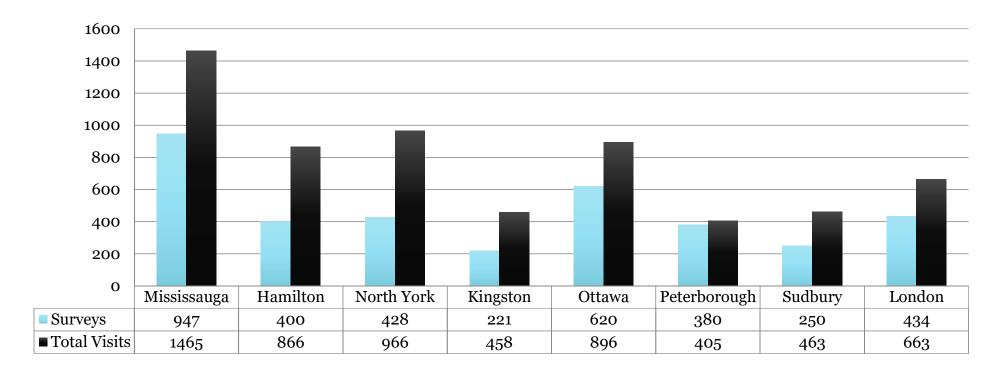
- MOL Summer Student Outreach Program
- An anonymous survey to gain feedback on workplace safety.
- The survey consisted of twenty-four questions.
- The opening and closing sections of the survey asked general information about the businesses and the individual completing the survey.
- The remaining three sections focused on Occupational Health and Safety Awareness of regulation and training, workplace harassment, and musculoskeletal disorders.

Results

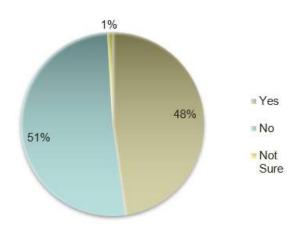
Workplaces Visited = 6182

■ Surveys Completed ■ Surveys Not Completed

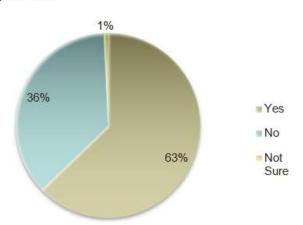




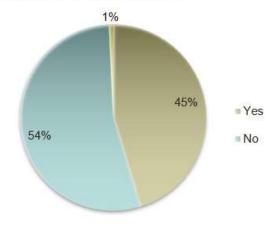
Working with your arms above your head



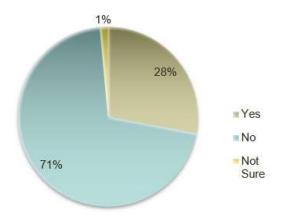
Frequent bending of your back



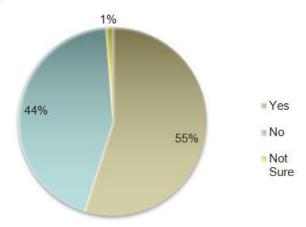
Having to stay in one position for long periods of time



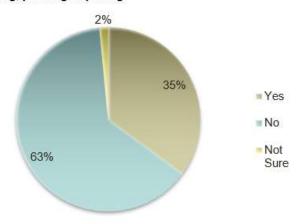
Exerting high gripping forces with your hands



Highly repetitive work



Heavy or frequent lifting, pushing or pulling



Awareness of MSD Hazards and Controls in Micro and Small Businesses...

- Respondents preferred traditional forms of information on MSD:
 - i.e., simple posters and flyers
- Respondents seemed to struggle with all H&S issues:
 - We are not alone!

Needs Assessment Findings:

- Little resources available!
- **Small businesses** are a major underserviced community. It is <u>Very challenging</u> for them to identify hazards and assess/prioritize them.
- There is a need for separate approaches for micro, smaller and larger businesses.
- MSD prevention should be better integrated into business processes using common language and processes.
- Micro and small firms with 1-20 persons do not usually have a person with specific responsibilities for H&S.
- Concepts in H&S likely not well understood (MSD, hazard; control; hierarchy of control).
- Day-to-day reactive approach.

Challenges Reported by Small Businesses: Findings from KW Team

- Management commitment
- Corporate buy-in
- Employee buy-in
- Time
- Funding
- Resources
- Commitment
- Staff

- Expertise
- Training
- Knowledge
- Awareness of MSD hazards and regulations
- Prioritization of MSD prevention

2016-2017

User testing

Awareness of MSD Hazards and Controls in Micro and Small Businesses...

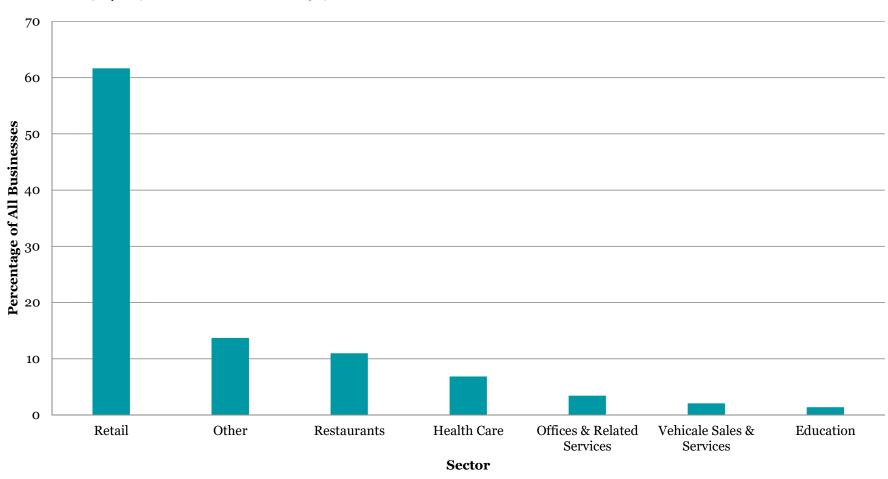
Team of two students visited small businesses in KW to survey them about their awareness of MOL's regulations, about safety practices and about information needs.

To determine small businesses:

- Awareness of the link between physical demands and MSD.
- Ability to recognize physical demands in their workplace.
- Ability to decide whether a recognized physical demand needs control.
- Ability to name appropriate controls.
- Preferences for MSD prevention literature.

Results

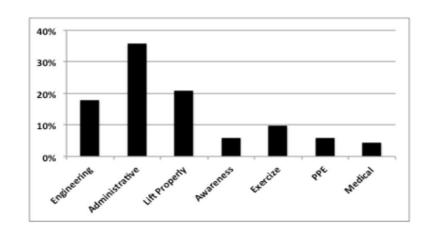
N= 146/251 businesses; ~95% small businesses <20 workers



Awareness of MSD Hazards and Controls in Micro and Small Businesses...

- Size: 1-5 = 66% 6-20 = 30% 20-50 = 4%
- Sample predominantly retail.
- Only 52% believed that physical demands in the workplace could cause injuries such as back, shoulder or neck pain.
- Over 40% of businesses did not know or were unsure how to identify physical demands in their workplace that might need to be reduced.

 Majority of survey participants (79%) were confident they had the appropriate knowledge to reduce injury risk due to high physical demands in the workplace, BUT lifting properly and other administrative controls dominated.



Testing a simple message





STORE IT OFF THE FLOOR

- ♦ The closer your hands are to the ground when you are lifting, the more likely you are to hurt your back.
- ♦ You are more likely to hurt your back if you are lifting from the ground, even for a light object like a pencil!!!
- ♦ There is no "good" way to lift things from the ground. All methods are hard on your back ... even if you bending your knees.
- ♦ So to prevent that problem altogether; 'Store it off the

- Preventing Low Back Injuries from Lifting
- . Don't work at floor level: do as much of your work as possible on benches, tables or even some piled pallets.
- •Make effective use of your shelves: place most commonly used and/or the heaviest items at waist height
- ·Make use of chairs and tables when putting things down
- •Use lift assist devices, hand trucks or handling devices to decrease manual materials handling
- •Rarely used things could be stored on the floor but if they are heavy, use handling devices
- •Team lift! Use a partner to help decrease the load

What are we going to do today?

1			
2			
3			

Have an example you'd like to share? Or are you interested in more information? Send an email to ayazdani@uwaterloo.ca to learn more.

Outcomes:

- The message delivered in "**toolbox talk**" format with accompanying schematic and notes also functioned as a poster;
- Well received by the micro / small business owners and managers;
- Conceptual and instrumental knowledge utilization was demonstrated:
 - Changed the way they thought about lifting;
 - Planned to change (work/home) environment
 - Changed work environment

Implications:

- Focus on the biggest MSD hazards first;
- Find messages / hazards that are applicable across multiple sectors;
- Hazard identification and is difficult for small businesses: try sneaky ways to make it feasible;
- Choose controls that are applicable across multiple sectors;
- Posters seem to be a preferred mode of dissemination.
- The difficulty of effective MSD and OHS management in small businesses highlights the importance of targeted prevention programs.
- Both prevention programs and tools need to be modified and adapted for micro and small businesses.

2017-2018

Development for the Quick Start Guideline

Quick Start Guideline

- Format: Modeled upon a tool box talk created and tested by CPWR*
- Seven posters developed



*Center for Construction Research and Training (CPWhttp://www.cpwr.com/publications/handoutstoolbox-talks).

Quick Start Guideline

• Instruction: how to use this guideline; step-by-step guideline



Potential Users

Organizations that:

- ➤ Are small or very small (also called "micro" businesses);
- ➤ May have a Health and Safety Representative;
- ➤ May not have much knowledge and few resources in Health and Safety;
- ➤ May be unfamiliar with MSD and their prevention;

Larger organizations may find this guideline useful for training and educational purposes.

2018

Pilot Testing of Posters

Quick Start Guideline: User Testing





Small Business Outreach – Guideline Poster and Mini Poster Distribution

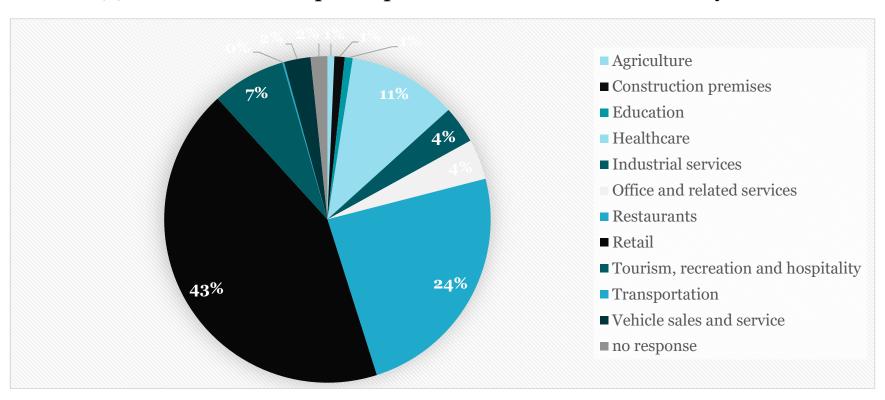
MOL Office Location	Target visits	# of posters sent
Toronto	1425	11x17 posters: 1,000 8.5x11 posters: 175 of poster #1 165 each of posters #2-6
Ottawa	1430	11x17 posters: 1,000 8.5x11 posters: 175 of poster #1 165 each of posters #2-6
North York	2130	11x17 posters: 1,500 8.5x11 posters: 250 each of posters #1-6
Mississauga	1440	11x17 posters: 600 8.5x11 posters: 100 each of posters #1-6
Newmarket	1450	11x17 posters: 600 8.5x11 posters: 100 each of posters #1-6

Small Business Outreach – Guideline Poster and Mini Poster Distribution

MOL Office Location	Target visits	# of posters sent	
St. Catharines	715	11x17 posters: 500 8.5x11 posters: 75 of poster #1;87 of poster #2; 87 of poster #3; 85 of poster #4 83 of poster #5; 83 of poster #6	
Windsor	700	11x17 posters: 500 8.5x11 posters: 75 of poster #1; 83 of poster #2; 83 of poster #3; 85 of poster #4 87 of poster #5; 87 of poster #6	
Waterloo	710	11x17 posters: 300 8.5x11 poster: 50 each of posters #1-6	

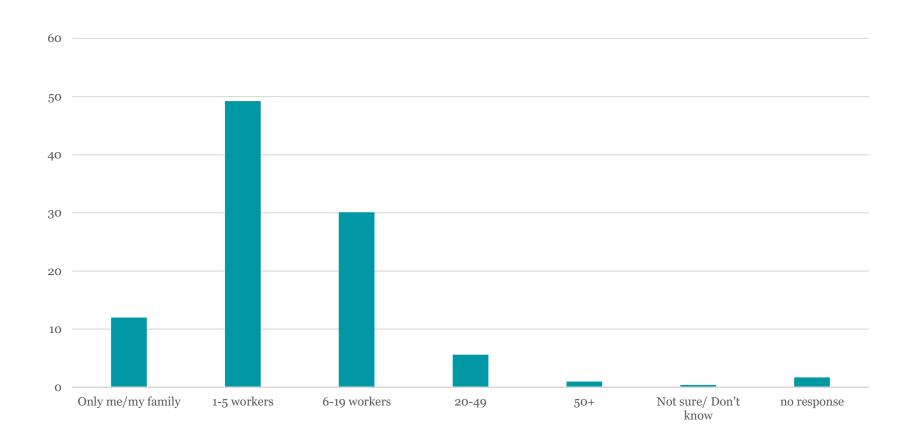
Survey Sample

N = 2173 small businesses participated in this section of the study



Survey Sample

How many workers work at this location?



Small Businesses Feedback:

After reviewing the posters, did it change your thinking about physical demands at work that will cause pain and discomfort?

- 42% of those participated, said: YES
- 58% Of the participants suggested that they already knew the information or reported that the hazard does not exist in their workplace (poster they received was not applicable to their workplace).

Small Businesses Feedback:

Did you find the information in the mini-poster and larger poster useful?

- 83% of those participated in this study, suggested that they found posters useful for **training**, **educating**, and "**reminding**" their workers about hazards.
- They also found it to be easy to understand and liked the visuals and design of the posters.
- For employers that did not find the poster helpful, they often said that it was <u>common sense</u>, <u>already knew it</u>, or it <u>did not apply to</u> <u>their business</u>.

Small Businesses Feedback:

Will you make any changes or plan to change anything in your workplace after reviewing this material?

- About 40% of those participated in this study, suggested they would make changes in their workplace, this generally included putting up the poster, embedding it into their health and safety training, and rearrange how contents are stored.
- The main reasons why an employer would not change this practice were that they were already aware of these concepts, already had a good H&S program, already had an ergonomist assess the work, or that poster they received was not applicable to their workplace.

2019

Evaluation of Quick Start Guideline

Evaluation Study

Goal: To evaluate the uptake and effectiveness of Quick Start Guideline in improving MSD hazard recognition and elimination of hazards.

- > Summer Student Outreach Program (MOL)
- ➤ H&S Association partnership?
- ➤ Small business Groups?

Thank You!

- ➤ The many workplace stakeholders who have contributed their time, knowledge and experiences to the project.
- ➤ The Ontario Ministry of Labour for funding to support the development of the MSD Prevention Guideline and its dedicated website.

CRE-MSD receives funding through a grant provide by the Ontario Ministry of Labour. The views expressed are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect those of the Province.

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